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# Anomaly Detection

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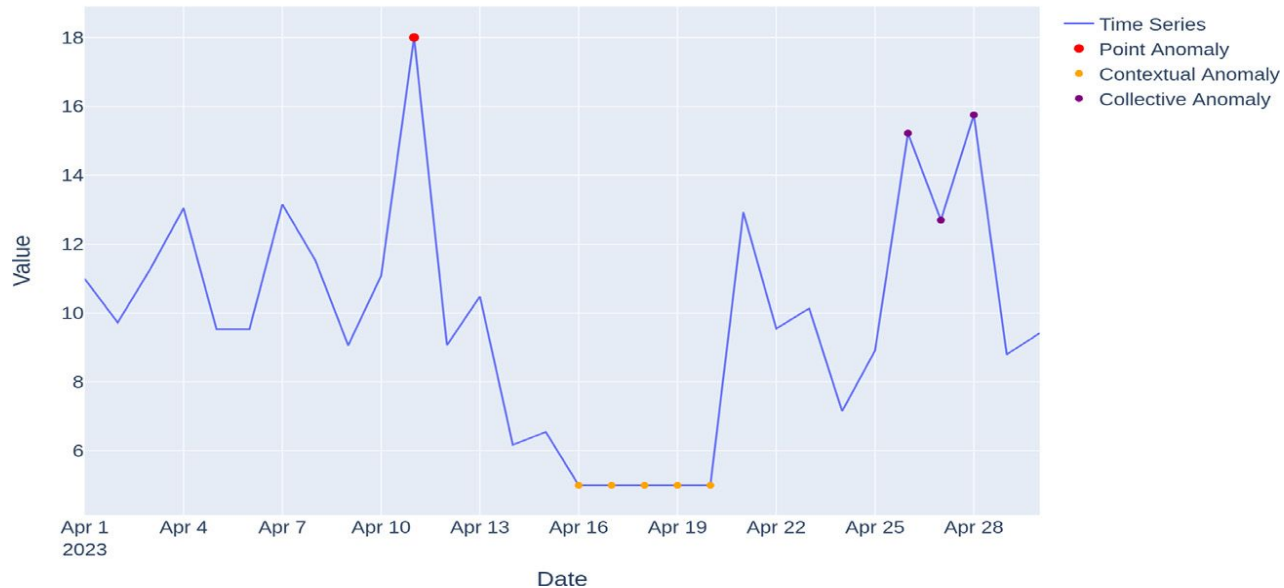
# Need for Anomaly Detection

- ❖ **Network Infrastructure**
- ❖ **Network Management**
- ❖ **Network Flows and Their Types**

# Anomalies (Outliers)

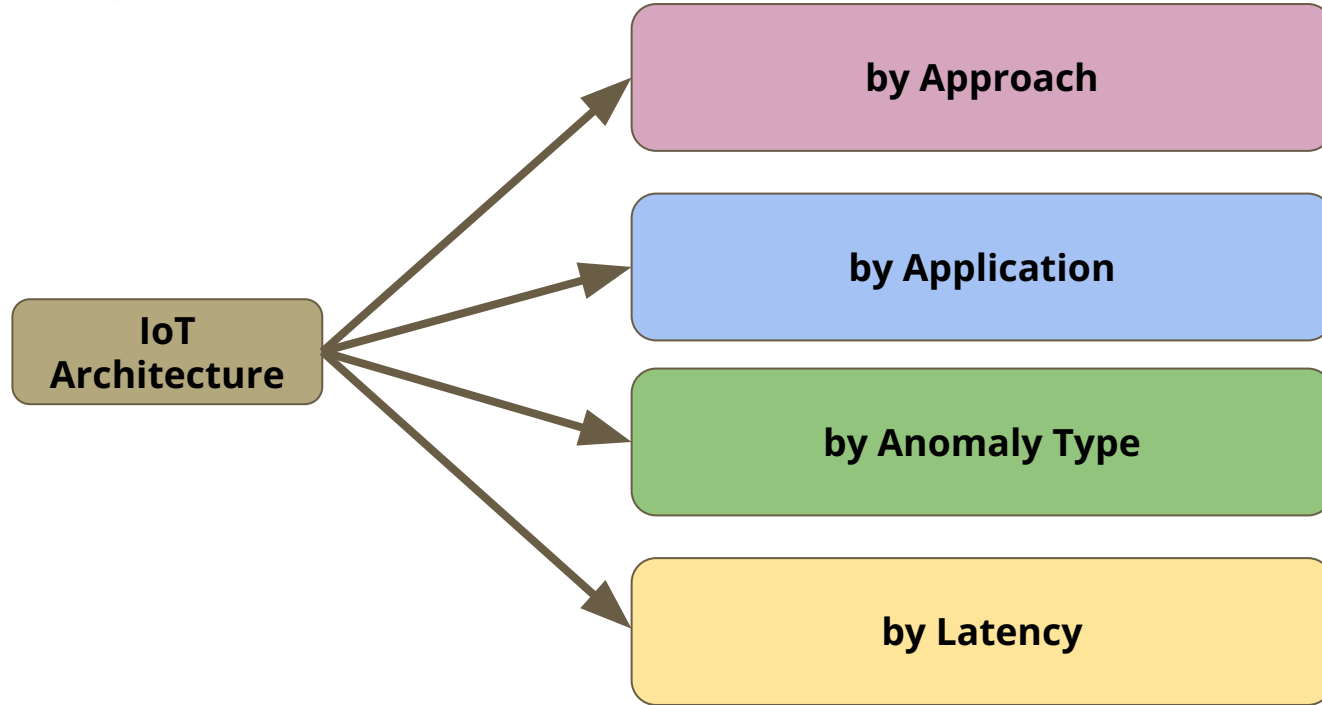
## ❖ Definition

### Anomalies Types



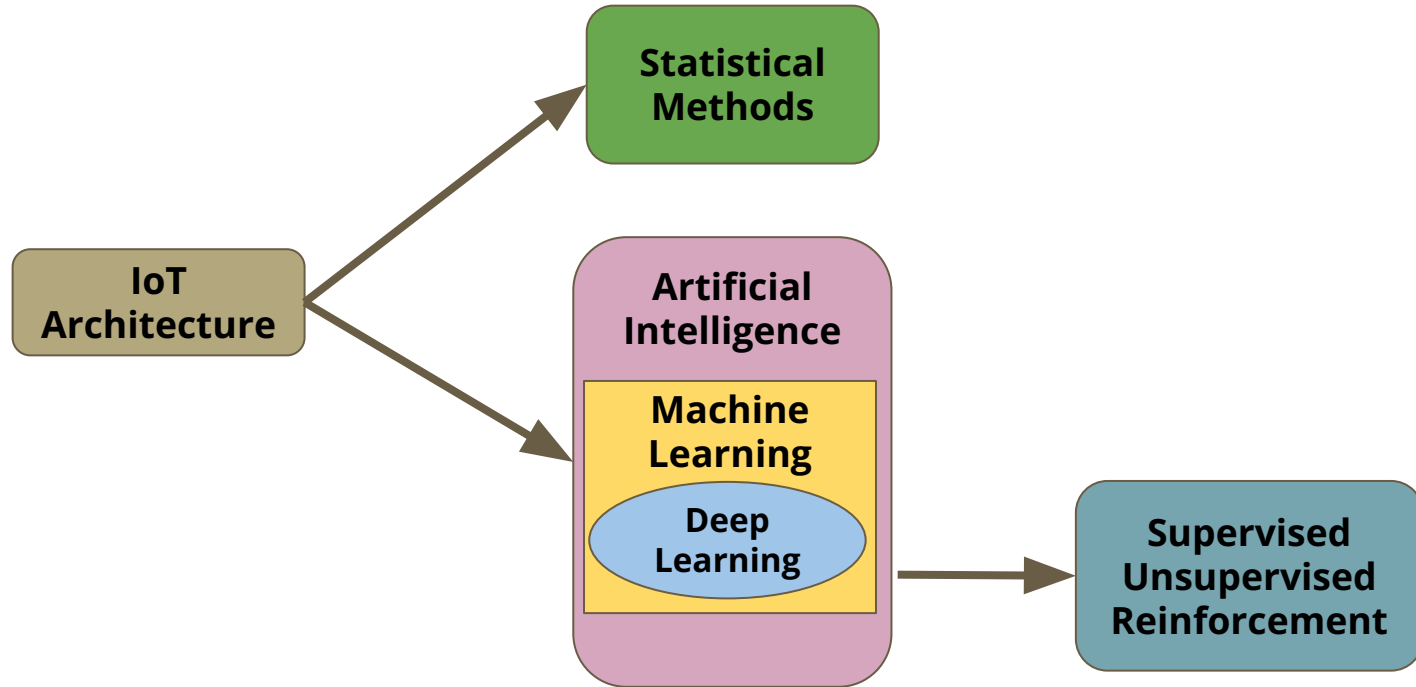
[1] Sergio Trilles, Sahibzada Saadoon Hammad, Ditsuhi Iskandaryan, Anomaly detection based on Artificial Intelligence of Things: A Systematic Literature Mapping, Internet of Things, Volume 25, 2024, 101063, ISSN2542ISSN 2542-6605, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.iot.2024.101063>.

# Anomaly Detection



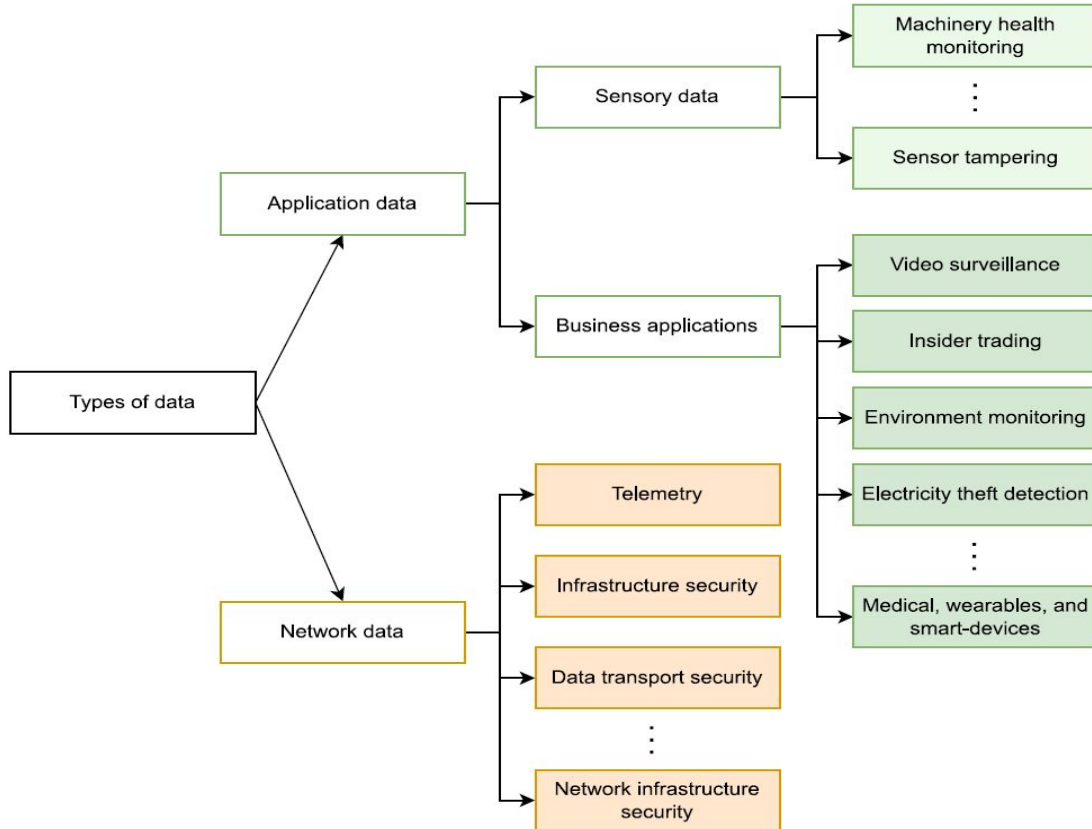
[2] Ayan Chatterjee, Bestoun S. Ahmed, IoT anomaly detection methods and applications: A survey, Internet of Things, Volume 19, 2022, 100568, ISSN 2542-6605, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.iot.2022.100568>.

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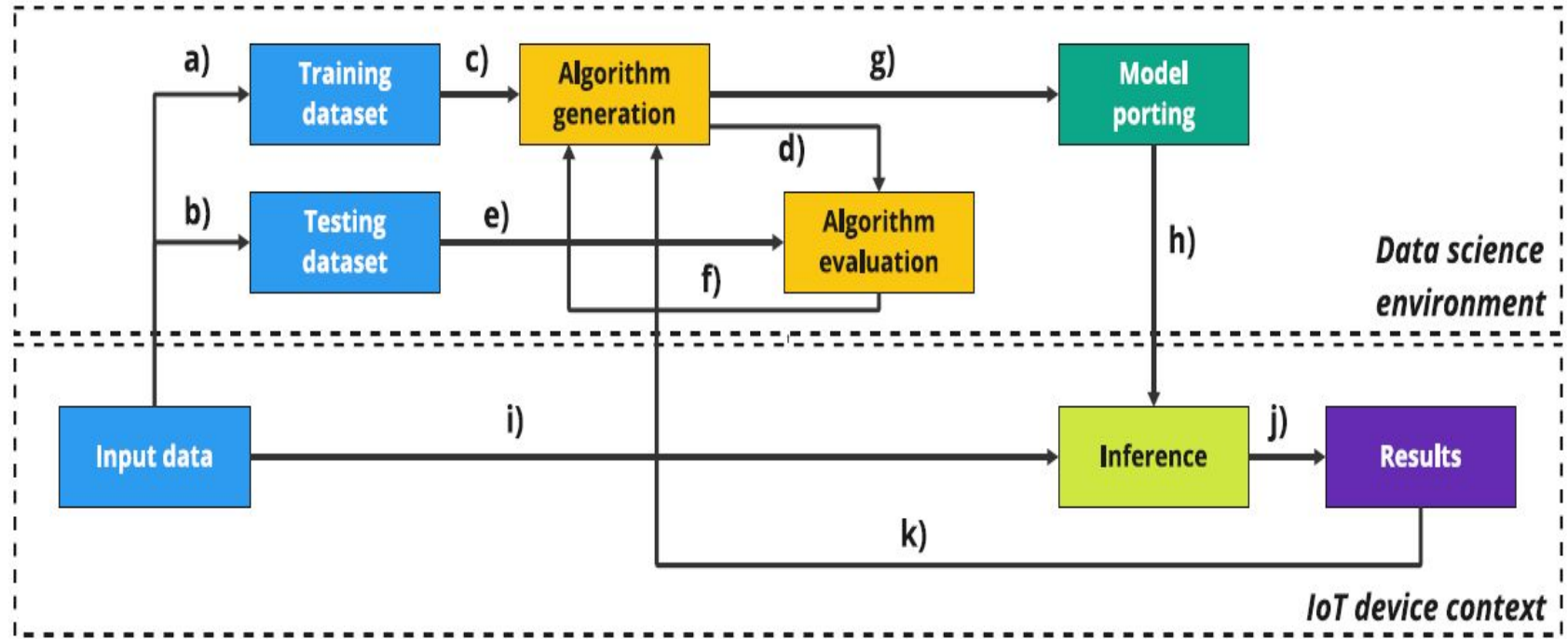
[1] Sergio Trilles, Sahibzada Saadoon Hammad, Ditsuhi Iskandaryan, Anomaly detection based on Artificial Intelligence of Things: A Systematic Literature Mapping, Internet of Things, Volume 25, 2024, 101063, ISSN2542ISSN 2542-6605, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.iot.2024.101063>.

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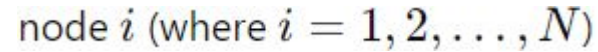


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# Anomaly Detection



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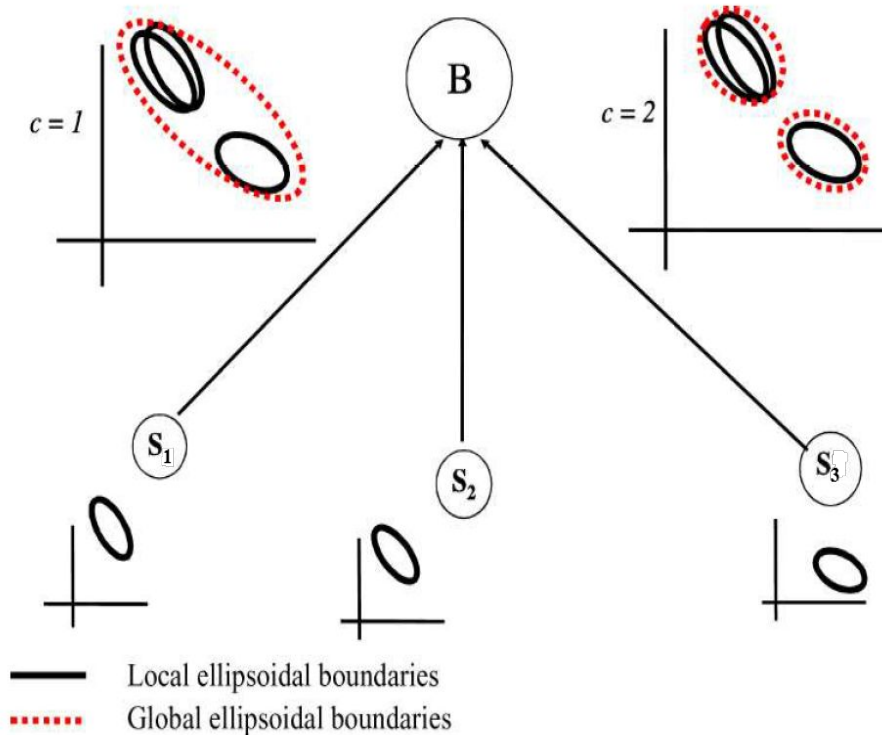
$$\mu_i = \frac{1}{M_i} \sum_{j=1}^{M_i} x_{i,j} \quad (1)$$

$$\Sigma_i = \frac{1}{M_i - 1} \sum_{j=1}^{M_i} (x_{i,j} - \mu_i)(x_{i,j} - \mu_i)^T \quad (2)$$



# Distributed Anomaly Detection

Diagram Reference: From the Textbook  
"Internet of Things: Principles and  
Paradigms" By Rajkumar Buyya, Amir Vahid  
Dastjerdi, Elsevier, 2016.



$$\mu_{\text{combined}} = \frac{M_i \mu_i + M_k \mu_k}{M_i + M_k} \quad (4)$$

$$\Sigma_{\text{combined}} = \frac{M_i \Sigma_i + M_k \Sigma_k}{M_i + M_k} + \frac{M_i M_k}{(M_i + M_k)^2} (\mu_i - \mu_k)(\mu_i - \mu_k)^T \quad (5)$$

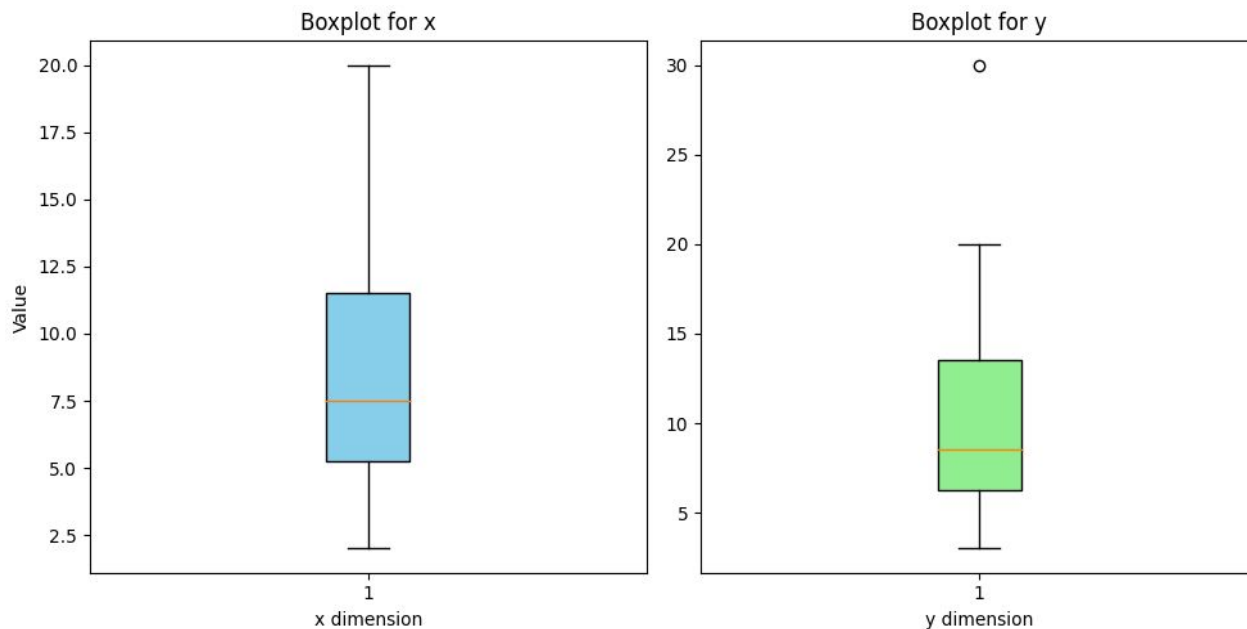
$$(x - \mu_{\text{combined}})^T \Sigma_{\text{combined}}^{-1} (x - \mu_{\text{combined}}) \leq 1 \quad (6)$$

$$D_M(i, k) = \sqrt{(\mu_i - \mu_k)^T \left( \frac{\Sigma_i + \Sigma_k}{2} \right)^{-1} (\mu_i - \mu_k)} \quad (7)$$

# Distributed Anomaly Detection

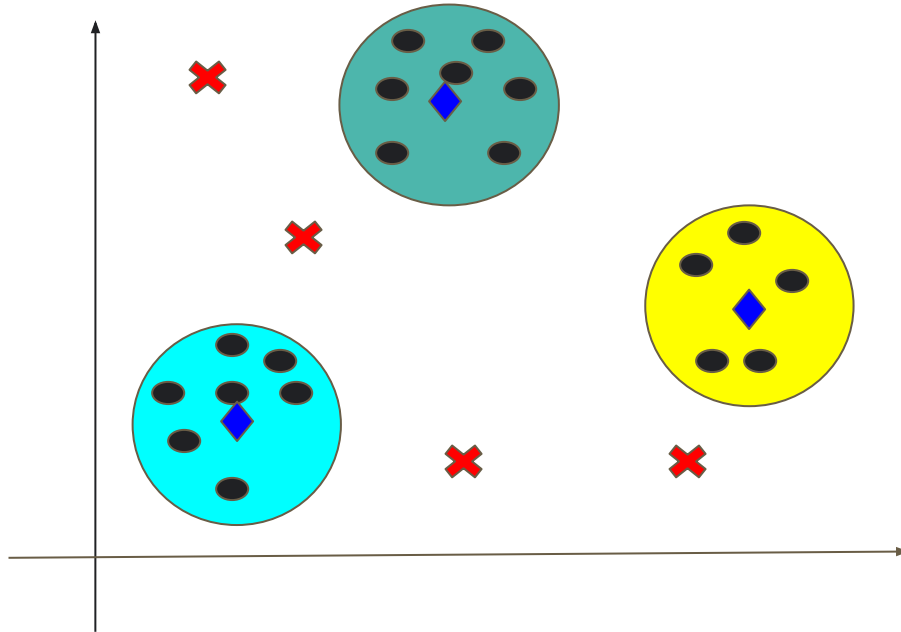
## ❖ Other Methods

### ➤ IQR



# Distributed Anomaly Detection

- ❖ Other Methods
  - Distance Based



# Distributed Anomaly Detection

## ***Problem 1 :***

Data =  $\{(2,3), (4,5), (5,8), (6,6), (7,7), (8,9), (10,12), (12,14), (13,20), (20,30)\}$

## ***Problem 2 :***

Node 1 Samples:  $\{(1,2), (2,3), (3,4)\}$

Node 2 Samples:  $\{(5,5), (6,6), (7,7)\}$

## ***Problem 3 :***

Node 1 Samples:  $\{(1,2), (2,1), (1,1)\}$

Node 2 Samples:  $\{(4,5), (5,4), (4,4)\}$

Node 3 Samples:  $\{(7,8), (8,7), (7,7)\}$

Node 4 Samples:  $\{(10,10), (10,9), (9,10)\}$

Node 5 Samples:  $\{(13,14), (14,13), (13,13)\}$

**Test the Point : (3,3)**

**THANK YOU**